DNS Suffix Change

How to change DNS suffix to view Web sites by typing in alias name versus absolute address on command line in browser (example: to get to “TNS” Web site by simply typing tns instead of http://tns.sdsu.edu)

On Windows 2000:
From Start Programs menu,
Go to Settings,
Select Network and Dial-up Connections,
Double click on Local Area Connection & select Properties,
Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) & select Properties (not ok),
Under General tab select Advanced,
Select DNS tab,
Next to “DNS suffix for this connection: type ‘sdsu.edu’ and hit ok,
You should close out of all of the windows for each step above (3 times).
Open a browser (IE, Mozilla Firefox, etc) and type tns on command line, it should automatically bring you to the TNS Web site. If it does not, you may need to reboot this machine.

Windows XP:
From Start Programs menu,
Go to Control Panel,
Select Network Connections,
Double click on Local Area Connection & click on Properties,
Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) & click on Properties,
Under General tab select Advanced,
Select DNS tab,
Next to “DNS suffix for this connection: type ‘sdsu.edu’ and hit OK. Click OK to close out of the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window. Click Close to close out of the Local Area Connection Properties window. Finally, click Close to close out of the Local Area Connection Status window.
Open a browser (IE, Mozilla Firefox, etc) and type tns on command line, it should automatically bring you to the TNS Web site. If it does not, you will need to reboot your machine.